

# **Consolidated Financial Review for the Third Quarter Ended December 31, 2009**

Company name: Tokyo Electron Limited

URL: <a href="http://www.tel.com">http://www.tel.com</a>
Telephone number: (03) 5561-7000

Stock exchange listing: Tokyo Stock Exchange 1st Section (Code 8035)

Notes: 1. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in Japan.

2. Amounts are rounded down to the nearest million yen.

#### 1. Financial highlights for the nine months ended December 31, 2009

(1) Operating results (Cumulative)	Nine months ended	
	December 31, 2008	December 31, 2009
Net sales (Millions of yen)	402,314	268,180
Operating income (Millions of yen)	24,281	(16,098)
Ordinary income (Millions of yen)	28,833	(12,639)
Net income (Millions of yen)	9,675	(16,219)
Net income per share (Yen)	54.07	(90.62)
Fully diluted net income per share (Yen)	53.96	_

#### (2) Financial position

	As of	As of	
	March 31, 2009	December 31, 2009	
Total assets (Millions of yen)	668,998	671,945	
Net assets (Millions of yen)	529,265	514,943	
Equity ratio (%)	77.5	75.0	
Net assets per share (Yen)	2,896.55	2,814.23	

Equity: 503,727 million yen (as of December 31, 2009) 518,387 million yen (as of March 31, 2009)

## 2. Dividends

	Year ended March 31, 2009	Year ending March 31, 2010	
2Q-end dividend per share (Yen)	20.00	4.00	-
Year-end dividend per share (Yen)	4.00	4.00	(Forecast)
Annual dividend per share (Yen)	24.00	8.00	(Forecast)

Note: Revision of dividends forecast for during this period: None

#### 3. Earnings forecast for the year ending March 31, 2010

	Year ending
	March 31, 2010
Net sales (Millions of yen)	410,000
Operating income (Millions of yen)	(14,000)
Ordinary income (Millions of yen)	(10,000)
Net income (Millions of yen)	(17,000)
Net income per share (Yen)	(94.98)

Note: Revision of earnings forecast for during this period: None

#### 4. Others

(1) Important changes in subsidiaries: None(Changes on specific subsidiaries with changes in scope of consolidation)

- (2) Use of simplified accounting method and special accounting policy for quarterly financial reporting: Yes
- (3) Changes in principles, procedures and display of accounting method concerning quarterly consolidated statement policies:
  - 1. Changes in accounting policies: None
  - 2. Other changes: None
- (4) Number of shares outstanding (common stock)
  - 1. Number of shares issued

As of December 31, 2009: 180,610,911 shares
As of March 31, 2009: 180,610,911 shares

2. Number of shares of treasury stock

As of December 31, 2009: 1,617,957 shares
As of March 31, 2009: 1,643,398 shares

3. Average number of shares outstanding

Nine months ended December 31, 2009: 178,985,315 shares Nine months ended December 31, 2008: 178,943,356 shares

#### Explanations on the appropriate use of earnings forecast:

The performance forecast and estimate stated in this Financial Review are based on certain assumptions judged to be reasonable at the present time in light of information currently available. Consequently, actual operating results may differ substantially from the projections in the Financial Review.

#### Qualitative Information, Financial Statements, etc.

#### 1. Qualitative Information on Consolidated Operating Results

Looking at the global economy in the first three quarters of the current fiscal year, there was an economic recovery in Asian countries, centering on China, while the economic decline in Europe and North America leveled out as a result of stimulus measures even though conditions remained adverse with high unemployment levels. The Japanese economy is showing signs of improvement including a recovery in exports and production as well as a leveling off of the decline in capital investment, but unemployment remains high and conditions remain difficult.

In the electronics industry, in which the Tokyo Electron group operates, the economic stimulus measures implemented by various countries and the expanded use of electronics in emerging markets supported a recovery that included higher demand for flat-panel televisions, laptop computers, and multifunction mobile phones. As a result, there were signs of recovery in the semiconductor and FPD related markets as well.

Given these economic circumstances, the Tokyo Electron group enjoyed a solid recovery in orders for semiconductor production equipment, which is the group's main product line, and net sales and income are showing recovery in the second and third quarters. Despite this, in the first three quarters of the current fiscal year (the nine-month period from April to December 2009) net sales were 268,180 million yen (down 33.3% compared to the same period of the previous year), operating losses were 16,098 million yen (compared to operating income of 24,281 million yen in the same period of the previous year), ordinary losses were 12,639 million yen (compared to ordinary income of 28,833 million yen in the same period of the previous year), and net losses were 16,219 million yen (compared to net income of 9,675 million yen in the same period of the previous year).

In the third quarter (October to December 2009), net sales were 114,289 million yen (up 13.1% compared to the same period of the previous year), operating income was 5,521 million yen (compared to operating losses of 2,001 million yen in the same period of the previous year), ordinary income was 6,573 million yen (compared to ordinary losses of 74 million yen in the same period of the previous year), and net losses were 58 million yen (compared to net losses of 7,686 million yen in the same period of the previous year).

The overview of each business segment is as described below.

#### (1) Industrial Electronic Equipment Business Segment

Net sales from external customers for this segment during the first three quarters of the current fiscal year were 206,352 million yen (down 37.0% compared to the same period of the previous year). Net sales from external customers in this segment in the third quarter were 93,260 million yen (up 19.2%).

#### (a) Semiconductor Production Equipment Division

Capital investment has been curtailed since the year before last because of the global downturn; as a result, net sales from external customers during the first three quarters of the current fiscal year fell compared to the same period of the previous year, to 158,648 million yen (down 40.5%). Capital investment, however, is picking up as semiconductor prices are recovering due to ongoing inventory adjustments and equipment utilization rates of semiconductor manufacturers are increasing. Net sales from external customers in the third quarter were 76,511 million yen (up 32.3%), with the increases mainly coming from Taiwan and South Korea.

### (b) FPD/PV (Flat Panel Display/Photovoltaic Cell) Production Equipment Division

FPD Panel manufacturers have curtailed or postponed capital investment; as a result, net sales from external customers in this division during the first three quarters of the current fiscal year were 47,429 million yen (down 21.7%). Yet demand for flat-panel televisions is rising in response to the economic stimulus measures of various countries and the lower prices, and there are signs of a full-scale recovery including increases in production capacity by leading panel manufacturers. In the photovoltaic cell production equipment business, the market underwent a temporary slowdown including postponements of investment because of the economic slump, but it is expected to grow in the future because of the environmental measures being implemented worldwide.

Net sales from external customers in this division during the third quarter were 16,686 million yen (down 18.1%).

## (c) Others

Net sales from external customers in this division during the first three quarters of the current fiscal year were 274 million yen (up 0.4%); and net sales from external customers in this division during the third guarter were 63 million yen (up 14.2%).

#### (2) Electronic Components and Computer Networks Business Segment

In the semiconductor and electronic devices business, demand for consumer electronics such as digital home appliances was strong and sales at overseas sites were robust thanks to the upturn in the Chinese economy, but sales of semiconductors for industrial equipment, communications equipment, and computers decreased. In the computer systems-related business, companies remained cautious with regard to IT investment and product sales were sluggish, but sales of maintenance services were generally strong. Given this situation, net sales from external customers in this segment during the first three quarters of the current fiscal year were 61,828 million yen (down 17.5% compared to the same period of the previous year); and net sales from external customers in this segment during the third quarter were 21,028 million yen (down 7.9%).

Cons	solidated			(Mill	ions of yen)
		FY2010	FY2010	FY2010	FY2010
		1Q	2Q	3Q	1Q-3Q
Net Sa	ales	68,915	84,975	114,289	268,180
In	ndustrial Electronic Equipment	50,470	62,621	93,260	206,352
	Semiconductor Production Equipment	30,437	51,699	76,511	158,648
	Japan	4,932	10,812	10,675	26,420
	U.S.	12,430	8,364	13,273	34,068
	Europe	2,833	2,315	2,433	
	Korea	2,861	8,823	13,391	25,076
	Taiwan	5,917	16,619	27,913	50,451
	China	483	2,106	3,149	5,739
	S.E.Asia	979	2,656	5,675	9,311
	FPD/PV Production Equipment 19,943 10,799 16,686		16,686	47,429	
	Others	89	121	63	274
E	lectronic Components & Computer Networks	18,445	22,354	21,028	61,828
Operat	ting Income (loss)	(14,388)	(7,232)	5,521	(16,098)
Ordina	ry Income (loss)	(14,021)	(5,191)	6,573	(12,639)
Net Inc	come (loss)	(11,035)	(5,125)	(58)	(16,219)

Note: Offset elimination has been carried out on the dealing between segments.

#### 2. Qualitative Information on Consolidated Financial Conditions

#### (1) Financial Conditions

Current assets at the end of the third quarter were 508,426 million yen, up 2,739 million yen compared to the end of the previous fiscal year. Major factors influencing that result included a combined 26,158 million yen increase in cash and deposits and certificates of deposit included in securities, a 9,959 million yen decrease in trade notes and accounts receivable, and a 9,958 million yen decrease in income taxes refund receivables.

Tangible fixed assets decreased by 8,143 million yen compared to the end of the previous fiscal year, to 91,762 million yen.

Intangible fixed assets fell by 5,006 million yen compared to the end of the previous fiscal year, to 5,754 million yen.

Investments and other assets increased by 13,357 million yen compared to the end of the previous fiscal year, to 66,001 million yen.

As a result, total assets increased by 2,947 million yen compared to the end of the previous fiscal year, to 671,945 million yen.

Current liabilities increased by 14,651 million yen compared to the end of the previous fiscal year, to 103,923 million yen, mainly due to an increase of 18,523 million yen in trade notes and accounts payable.

Long-term liabilities were up 2,617 million yen compared to the end of the previous fiscal year, to 53,077 million yen.

Net assets fell because net losses of 16,219 million yen were reported for the first three quarters of the current fiscal year and year-end dividends of 715 million yen were paid for the previous fiscal year and interim dividends of 715 million yen were paid for the current fiscal year. As a result, at the end of the third quarter net assets were 514,943 million yen. The equity ratio was 75.0%.

#### (2) Cash Flow

Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the third quarter of the current fiscal year increased by 38,931 million yen compared to the end of the previous fiscal year, to 104,815 million yen. The combined balance of cash and cash equivalents, plus 131,500 million yen in time deposits and negotiable certificates of deposit with deposit terms of over three months (which are not included in cash and cash equivalents), increased by 26,158 million yen from the end of the previous fiscal year, to 236,315 million yen. The overall situation regarding cash flow during the first three quarters of the current fiscal year is as follows.

Cash flow from operating activities decreased by 16,048 million yen compared to the same

period of the previous year to 34,893 million yen. The main positive factors were 14,927 million yen in depreciation and amortization, a 9,861 million yen decrease in trade notes and accounts receivable, and a 18,541 million yen increase in trade notes and accounts payable. The major negative factors included 22,543 million yen in net loss before income taxes.

Cash flow from investing activities was a positive 2,664 million yen, compared to the negative 132,869 million yen in the same period of the previous year; mainly as a result of 12,838 million yen in income from a net decrease in time deposits and 9,723 million yen in expenditures for the acquisition of tangible fixed assets.

Cash flow from financing activities was a positive 1,025 million yen, compared to negative 42,031 million yen in the same period of the previous year; mainly as a result of 2,630 million yen in income from a net increase in short-term borrowings and payment of 1,431 million yen in dividends.

In addition, the overall situation for cash flow in the third quarter of the current fiscal year was as follows:

Cash flow from operating activities was a negative 5,473 million yen, compared to the negative 33,662 million yen in the same period of the previous year. The major positive factors were 3,705 million yen in income before income taxes, 5,042 million yen in depreciation and amortization, and an 11,390 million yen increase in trade notes and accounts payable. The main negative factor was a 20,057 million yen increase in trade notes and accounts receivable.

Cash flow from investing activities was a positive 59,784 million yen, compared to the negative 28,953 million yen in the same period of the previous year. The main factors were 61,004 million yen in income from a net decrease in time deposits and 1,298 million yen in expenditures for the acquisition of tangible fixed assets.

Cash flow from financing activities was a positive 89 million yen, compared to the negative 706 million yen in the same period of the previous year; mainly as a result of 962 million yen in income from a net increase in short-term borrowings and payment of 715 million yen in interim dividends.

#### 3. Qualitative Information on Forecasts for Consolidated Financial Results

In electronics-related markets, there are clear signs of recovery for semiconductor demand and capital investment by semiconductor manufacturers is also picking up. Given these circumstances, we expect sales of semiconductor production equipment, the group's main business, to increase and for profits to improve compared to our earlier forecast (announced on October 30, 2009); accordingly, the company has revised upward its forecast of consolidated financial results for the entire fiscal year as follows in the January 27, 2010 Announcement on Financial Forecast Revision.

#### **Consolidated forecast**

(Billions of yen, Y/Y change)

			10 (E)
Net	Net Sales		-19.3%
	Industrial Electronic Equipment	328.2	-20.7%
	Semiconductor Production Equipment	259.0	-20.4%
	FPD/PV Production Equipment	69.0	-21.7%
	Others	0.2	ı
	Electronic Components & Computer Networks	81.8	-13.2%
Ope	erating Income (Loss)	-14.0	ı
Ord	Ordinary Income (Loss)		ı
Net	Net Income (Loss)		-

Note: The financial forecasts and estimates stated in this financial review are based on certain assumptions judged to be reasonable at the present time in light of information currently available concerning economic conditions in Japan and overseas, fluctuations in foreign exchange rates, and other factors that may have an impact on performance.

They are therefore susceptible to the impact of many uncertainties, including market conditions, competition, the launching of new products (and their success or failure), and global conditions in the semiconductor-related business. Consequently, actual sales and profits may differ substantially from the projections stated in this financial review.

# **Consolidated Balance Sheet**

			(Millions of y
	As of March 31, 2009	As of December 31, 2009	` .
SSETS	Waren 51, 2005	December 61, 2005	
Current assets			
Cash and deposit	51,156	61,105	
Trade notes and accounts receivable	119,687	109,727	
Securities	159,001	175,210	
Merchandise and finished goods	88,416	82,217	
Work in process	29,306	38,956	
Raw materials and supplies	16,518	14,347	
Others	41,620	26,979	
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(20)	(117)	
Total current assets	505,687	508,426	
Long-term assets Tangible fixed assets	99,906	91,762	
Intangible fixed assets			
Others	10,760	5,754	
Total intangible fixed assets	10,760	5,754	-
Investments and other assets			_
Others	60,189	73,503	
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(7,545)	(7,502)	
Total investments and other assets	52,644	66,001	<del>-</del> -
Total long-term assets	162 244	163,518	-
Total long tolli docoto	163,311	100,010	_

## TOKYO ELECTRON

	As of March 31, 2009	As of December 31, 2009
IABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Trade notes and accounts payable	24,393	42,916
Other allowance	11,113	6,361
Others	53,765	54,645
Total current liabilities	89,272	103,923
Long-term liabilities		
Accrued pension and severance costs	47,046	49,242
Other allowance	639	615
Others	2,773	3,219
Total long-term liabilities	50,460	53,077
Total liabilities	139,732	157,001
Shareholders' equity	54 961	54 961
Common stock	54,961	54,961
Capital surplus	78,114	78,037
Retained earnings	404,435	386,784
Treasury stock	(11,111)	(10,928
Total shareholders' equity	526,398	508,854
Valuation and translation adjustments		
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	(842)	2,109
Deferred gains or losses on hedges	66	(36)
Translation adjustments	(7,235)	(7,199)
Total valuation and translation adjustments	(8,011)	(5,126)
Subscription rights to shares	1,148	1,475
Minority interests	9,729	9,740
Total net assets	529,265	514,943
otal liabilities and net assets	668,998	671,945
otal nasimiles and net assets	000,990	07 1,343

# **Consolidated Statement of Income**

	Nine months ended December 31, 2008	Nine months ended December 31, 2009
Net sales	402,314	268,180
Cost of sales	284,144	205,077
Gross profit	118,169	63,103
Selling, general & administrative expenses		
Research and development expenses	45,923	38,387
Others	47,964	40,814
Total selling, general & administrative expenses	93,888	79,201
Operating income (loss)	24,281	(16,098)
Non-operating income		
Interest income	1,332	786
Revenue from development grants	2,099	1,357
Others	1,659	1,633
Total non-operating income	5,091	3,776
Non-operating expenses		
Interest expenses	155	-
Lease expenses of fixed assets	198	103
Loss on sale of trade notes and accounts receivable	113	-
Others	71	214
Total non-operating expenses	538	317
Ordinary income (loss)	28,833	(12,639)
Unusual or infrequent profit		, ,
Reversal of allowance for doubtful accounts	-	15
Gain on sale of fixed assets	117	25
Total unusual or infrequent profit	117	40
Unusual or infrequent loss		
Provision of allowance for doubtful accounts	6,775	_
Loss on impairment	· -	7,508
Others	1,976	2,436
Total unusual or infrequent loss	8,752	9,945
Income (loss) before income taxes	20,198	(22,543)
Provision for income taxes and enterprise taxes	10,281	(6,648)
Minority interests	241	324
Net income (loss)	9,675	(16,219)

## TOKYO ELECTRON

# **Consolidated Cash Flow**

		(Millions of yen)
	Nine months ended	Nine months ended
	December 31, 2008	December 31, 2009
Cash flow from operating activities		
Income (loss) before income taxes	20,198	(22,543)
Depreciation and amortization	16,677	14,927
Loss on impairment	-	7,508
Increase in accrued pension and severance costs (decrease)	2,536	2,174
Increase in allowance for doubtful accounts (decrease)	6,581	-
Increase in accrued employees' bonuses (decrease)	(10,028)	(2,867)
Increase in accrued warranty expenses (decrease)	(3,158)	(1,892)
Interest and dividend revenue	(1,431)	(827)
Decrease in trade notes and accounts receivable (increase)	87,739	9,861
Decrease in inventories (increase)	(8,836)	(1,762)
Increase in accounts payable (decrease)	(20,181)	18,541
Decrease in prepaid consumption tax (increase)	6,524	4,926
Increase in accrued consumption tax (decrease)	(5,057)	-
Increase in customer advances (decrease)	5,028	(2,279)
Others	(5,708)	2,358
Subtotal	90,883	28,126
Receipts from interest and dividends	1,402	923
Interest paid	(166)	(33)
Income taxes paid or refund (paid)	(41,177)	5,878
Net cash generated by operating activities	50,942	34,893
Cash flow from investing activities		
Decrease in time deposits (increase)	(111,864)	12,838
Payment for purchase of tangible fixed assets	(13,243)	(9,723)
Payment for purchase of intangible fixed assets	(661)	(347)
Payment for purchase of investment securities	(6,800)	-
Others	(299)	(102)
Net cash used in investing activities	(132,869)	2,664
Cash flow from financing activities		
Net increase in short-term borrowings (decrease)	1,717	2,630
Redemption of straight bonds	(30,000)	-
Dividends paid	(13,420)	(1,431)
Others	(328)	(173)
Net cash generated by financing activities	(42,031)	1,025
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(1,411)	347
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (decrease)	(125,369)	38,931
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	193,492	65,883
Cash and cash equivalents from newly consolidated subsidiaries	67	-
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	68,189	104,815

# **Segment Information**

#### 1. Business Segment Information

(Millions of yen)

		Nine months ended December 31, 2008			
	Industrial Electronic Equipment	Electronic Components and Total Eliminations and Corporate Consci			
Net sales	328,087	75,375	403,462	(1,148)	402,314
Operating income	22,850	1,411	24,262	19	24,281

- Note: 1. Method of classifying businesses: Businesses are classified after considering similarities in type of products, functions, or method of sales.
  - 2. Major products in each business segment:
    - (1) Industrial Electronic Equipment: Semiconductor Production Equipment, FPD Production Equipment, Photovoltaic Cell Production Equipment, Others
    - (2) Electronic Components and Computer Networks: Semiconductor Products, Computer Systems and Middleware and Software, Other Electronic Components

(Millions of yen)

	Nine months ended December 31, 2009				•
	Industrial Electronic Equipment	Electronic Components and Computer Networks	Total	Eliminations and Corporate	Consolidated
Net sales	206,940	62,123	269,064	(883)	268,180
Operating income (loss)	(17,201)	1,090	(16,111)	12	(16,098)

- Note: 1. Method of classifying businesses: Businesses are classified after considering similarities in type of products, functions, or method of sales.
  - 2. Major products in each business segment:
    - (1) Industrial Electronic Equipment: Semiconductor Production Equipment, FPD Production Equipment, Photovoltaic Cell Production Equipment, Others
    - (2) Electronic Components and Computer Networks: Semiconductor Products, Other Electronic Computer Systems and Networks, and Software

#### 2. Geographic Segment Information

(Millions of yen)

	Nine months ended December 31, 2008				
	Japan	Other Regions	Total	Eliminations and Corporate	Consolidated
Net sales	386,198	89,351	475,549	(73,234)	402,314
Operating income	19,671	3,485	23,156	1,124	24,281

- Note: 1. National and regional categories are determined on the basis of geographic proximity.
  - 2. Main countries and territories in other regions: U.S., Europe, Taiwan

	Nine months ended December 31, 2009				
	Japan	Other Regions	Total	Eliminations and Corporate	Consolidated
Net sales	254,253	53,832	308,085	(39,905)	268,180
Operating income (loss)	(15,525)	857	(14,667)	(1,431)	(16,098)

- Note: 1. National and regional categories are determined on the basis of geographic proximity.
  - 2. Main countries and territories in other regions: U.S., Taiwan, Korea

# **Segment Information**

#### 3. Overseas sales

(Millions of yen)

	Nine months ended December 31, 2008				
	Taiwan	Korea	U.S.	Others	Total
Overseas sales	69,201	56,588	48,502	65,958	240,250
Consolidated net sales					402,314
Proportion of overseas sales in consolidated net sales (%)	17.2	14.1	12.1	16.3	59.7

Note: 1. National and regional categories are determined on the basis of geographic proximity.

- 2. Main countries in others: Singapore, China, Israel
- 3. Overseas sales indicates net sales in countries and territories except Japan.

(Millions of yen)

					, ,
	Nine months ended December 31, 2009				
	Taiwan	U.S.	Korea	Others	Total
Overseas sales	59,840	34,145	32,876	32,444	159,307
Consolidated net sales		•			268,180
Proportion of overseas sales in consolidated net sales (%)	22.3	12.7	12.3	12.1	59.4

Note: 1. National and regional categories are determined on the basis of geographic proximity.

- 2. Main countries in others: China, Singapore, Israel
- 3. Overseas sales indicates net sales in countries and territories except Japan.